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**Public Lands Council**



# Capital Issues

~February 2011~

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## **HIGHLIGHT: House Passes Continuing Resolution**

In order to fund the government through fiscal year 2011 (through September), the House of Representatives has passed a continuing resolution (CR), "H.R. 1." If passed by the Senate as it stands, the bill will cut federal spending by more than \$60 billion through FY2011. Senate leaders are balking at the spending cuts and measures passed to put holds on some of the most burdensome and costly U.S. EPA and Interior Department regulations and policies. For example, H.R. 1 includes measures to block funding for the Wild Lands Secretarial Order and Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA) payments ([read our press release](#)). In the next few weeks, the Senate will be working on its version of the CR. PLC is encouraging senators to pass a funding bill with similar language to that of H.R. 1.

Below are measures included in and amendments offered to H.R. 1 of particular importance to PLC:

### **Wild Lands defunding**

Rep. Mike Simpson (R-Idaho) added to the CR a block on the use of funds to implement the Bureau of Land Management's "Wild Lands" policy established under a December 2010 Secretarial Order. This provision was passed as part of the CR.

### **Wolf delist**

Also included by Rep. Simpson was language to delist the Rocky Mountain Gray Wolf. The delisting would be only partial (including every state in the Rocky Mountain Region except Wyoming.) PLC will continue pushing for full and permanent delisting of wolves nationwide.

### **Prohibit EPA Expansion of Jurisdiction over State Waters**

Rep. Simpson also inserted into the underlying language of H.R. 1 measures to prohibit the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) from implementing laws or regulations expanding federal jurisdiction over state waters. The provision would block any attempt by the Obama Administration to remove the term "navigable waters" from the definition of waters subject to EPA regulation under the Clean Water Act. Currently non-navigable waters are regulated by the states.

### **Halting Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA) payments (amendment) - PASSED**

Offered by Rep. Cynthia Lummis (R-WY), this would put a moratorium on all payments from EAJA to give Congress the time to study and make changes to a law that encourages radical environmental groups to file petty lawsuits that harm ranchers.

### **National Landscape Conservation System defunding (amendment) - WITHDRAWN**

Rep. Rob Bishop (R-Utah) would have included measures to defund the redundant National Landscape Conservation System (NLCS).

### **Climate Change Adaptation Initiative defunding (amendment) - PASSED**

Added by Rep. Steve Pearce (R-NM), this amendment would halt funding for the Department of Interior's "Climate Change Adaptation Initiative," which directs the Department to use mitigation strategies "across broad landscapes" and across jurisdictional boundaries. ([Read more.](#))

### **Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) funding reduction (amendment) - PASSED**

The LWCF, used in part for federal land acquisitions, would see a \$348 million cut, thanks to Rep. Steve Pearce's (R-NM) amendment.

### **Travel Management Plan defunding (amendment) - PASSED**

Rep. Wally Herger (R-CA) offered this amendment to prevent the Forest Service from implementing the 2005 Travel Management Rule. The Forest Service has used the rule to shut down access to federal lands.

### **National Monuments block (amendment) - FAILED**

Rep. Dean Heller's (R-NV) amendment will put a temporary halt to presidential national monument designations under the Antiquities Act.

### **Wildlife Services reduced funding (amendment) - NO VOTE TAKEN**

As you may know, Rep. Gary Peters (D-MI) had offered this amendment to reduce funding of Wildlife Services for purposes of conducting lethal wildlife control activities "for the purpose of livestock, crops of other agriculture interests." It did not come to a vote.

### **Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILT) reduction (amendment) - FAILED**

Offered by Rep. Marcy Kaptur (D-OH), this would have cut by 75% the PILT program, which provides payments to counties where federal lands ownership erodes local tax bases.

### **Wild Horse funding reduction (amendment) – PASSED**

Offered by Rep. Dan Burton (R-IL), the amendment cuts \$2 million from the BLM's wild horse management program. However, while it was likely intended to prevent the funding of gathers, gathers are not a line item in the BLM budget. Thus, the amendment will not have the effect that was likely hoped for by radical environmental groups.

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## **LEGISLATION UPDATE**

### **Wild Lands: Guidance Handbook Issued, Hearing to Be Held**

Secretary of Interior Ken Salazar issued guidance manuals on February 25<sup>th</sup> regarding [Secretarial Order 3310](#) (the "Wild Lands Order"). The Wild Lands Order directs the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) to inventory and manage lands with wilderness characteristics (LWCs) to "protect their wilderness values." By heightening restrictions on "LWCs", the Wild Lands Order effectively creates wilderness areas without the approval of Congress, and has potential to block access to millions of acres of BLM lands and resources, thereby endangering entire western communities that depend on them. "ensure public lands with wilderness characteristics are inventoried, described, and managed in accordance with Secretarial Order 3310." (See [Handbook 1](#), [Handbook 2](#), [Handbook 3](#), and [the BLM press release](#).)

On March 1<sup>st</sup>, the House Natural Resources Committee will hold a Full Committee oversight hearing on “*The Impact of the Administration’s Wild Lands Order on Jobs and Economic Growth.*” Witnesses at the hearing will include Governor of Idaho, Butch Otter; Governor of Utah, Gary Herbert; and multiple western county commissioners. Bill Myers, attorney at Holand and Hart, will be testifying as a private citizen. Joel Bousman, a member of Wyoming Stock Growers Association and former Wyoming PLC director, will testify on behalf of the Wyoming County Commissioners Association. Department of Interior officials have been asked to attend, but not confirmed. Visit the [Committee Hearings](#) webpage for testimony and additional information, once it is made available. The hearing is open to the public and a live stream will be broadcast at <http://naturalresources.house.gov/live>.

Leading up to the hearing, a February 11<sup>th</sup> gathering in Salt Lake City, Utah brought together multiple-use interests such as PLC and the oil and gas industry; county commissioners; western governors; and other public figures and concerned citizens. The group discussed how to go about repealing or otherwise circumventing implementation of the Wild Lands Order.

If the continuing resolution (CR) passed by the Senate contains the same measures included in the House of Representatives’ CR, lawmakers will have more time to consider options to negate the Wild Lands Order. In the meantime, PLC continues to collaborate with legislators, other multiple-use industries, and state and county officials to find a solution.

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### **Nunes, Crapo Reintroduce Monument Designation Act**

Congressman Devin Nunes (Calif.) and Senator Mike Crapo (R-Idaho) have introduced legislation to amend the Antiquities Act to require oversight in the national monument designation process. The legislation, [S. 407](#) and [H.R. 758](#), would require the administration to seek congressional approval before designating future monuments. The legislation would allow the president to designate only “the smallest area essential to ensure the proper care and management of the objects to be protected.” Additionally, the bills would establish procedures for the designation of monuments, including a public comment period; public hearings; and a report to Congress outlining the designation’s impact on the local economy, national energy security, and other uses associated with the land. All comments and analyses would be posted on the White House website. In order to take effect, proposed designations would require congressional approval within two years. Unapproved monuments could not be followed by repeat proposals.

PLC, National Cattlemen’s Beef Association (NCBA), and American Sheep Industry Association (ASI), along with 28 other livestock affiliates, sent letters of support to [Rep. Nunes](#) and [Sen. Crapo](#). Also read [our press release](#).

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### **“EPA Fair Play Act” to Limit EPA’s Jurisdiction over Waters**

PLC and other members of the Waters Advocacy Coalition (WAC) have sent [a letter](#)

encouraging members of Congress to support legislation that would clarify that the EPA does not have the authority to veto a previously awarded Section 404 permit. The letter urges Congress to support “[The EPA Fair Play Act](#),” introduced by Rep. Joe Manchin (D-WV), which would clarify and confirm Congress’s intent in enacting Section 404(c) of the Clean Water Act (CWA).

“For the first time since the Act was passed 39 years ago, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is using Section 404(c) to “veto” an operative Section 404 permit years after it was issued and despite the fact that EPA admits the permittee is in compliance with the permit,” the WAC letter reads. “Congress never intended to give EPA such sweeping power over issued permits, and unless Congress acts now to make clear that this was not its intent, the consequences for our Nation’s economy will be dire.”

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## **ADMINISTRATION UPDATE**

### **BLM Releases Plan to “Fundamentally Reform” Wild Horse Management**

Director of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Bob Abbey announced on February 24<sup>th</sup> that the agency is “accelerating fundamental reforms” to how it manages wild horses and burros on public lands. The proposed strategy includes reducing by one third the number of wild horses removed from the range for at least the next 2 years, which PLC strongly opposes. It also includes plans to reaffirm the central role that the National Academy of Sciences (NAS)’s on-going review of the program; to increase adoptions; and to “improve its care and handling procedures to enhance the humane treatment of the animals.” While the plan claims the BLM will be “significantly expanding the use of fertility control to maintain herd levels,” the agency will reportedly still be working with the Humane Society of the United States (HSUS) in its fertility control efforts, which has proven ineffective in the past. PLC continues to question the agency’s relationship with the radical animal rights group, HSUS. The BLM will continue to oppose the killing or slaughter of wild horses or burros as a management practice.

An analysis of the public’s comments and a detailed proposed implementation strategy is posted at [www.blm.gov](http://www.blm.gov). The public is invited to review and provide comments to the BLM on this strategy through March 30, 2011, and should be submitted by email to [wildhorse@blm.gov](mailto:wildhorse@blm.gov) with “Comments on Strategy” in the subject line. PLC is collaborating with other industry leaders to develop comments and decide on strategies to approach the weaknesses of the plan.

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### **Wildlife Service’s Advisory Committee Nominations Requested**

The Secretary of Agriculture will reestablish the National Wildlife Service’s Advisory Committee for a two-year period. The purpose of the committee is to advise the Secretary on policies, program issues and research needed to conduct the wildlife services program.

The committee also serves as a public forum enabling those affected by the Wildlife Service's program to have a voice in the program's policies. Nominations for membership on this committee are being solicited and the secretary will select members to obtain the broadest possible representation. All nominations must be received by the secretary on or before April 12. [Click here](#) for more information.

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### **Senate Questions FWS Nominee Confirmation on Climate Change, Energy, Wolves**

Lawmakers on the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee have put a hold on Fish & Wildlife Service director nominee Dan Ashe's confirmation. At a hearing on Feb. 15, senators questioned Ashe on his approach to climate change, energy exploration, and Endangered Species Act issues such as the listing of the gray wolf. Following the hearing, Sen. David Vitter (R-LA) announced that he had put a hold on Ashe's nomination due to the unacceptably slow pace of issuance of oil and gas drilling permits in the Gulf of Mexico.

Committee Ranking Member James Inhofe, (R-OK), and Senator John Barrasso (R-WY), pursued questions related to the FWS [Climate Change Strategic Plan](#) that was released last fall, which calls for the agency make all decisions "through the lens of climate change." Western Senators Max Baucus (D-MT), Mike Crapo (R-ID), and John Barrasso (R-WY) raised questions regarding the misguided federal listing and management of wolves. Ashe stated his hope for a delisting plan in the Great Lakes region, possibly to be released in March or April. He also said that recovery plans are being revised for the wolf in the Southwest region, and that the Rocky Mountain Region's situation was a "crisis"—an encouraging sign that he may intend to help find a solution to the depredation problems there.

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### **Forest Service Seeks Public Comment on Proposed Rule**

On Feb. 10, the USDA Forest Service unveiled its proposed Forest Planning Rule which would establish a new national framework to develop land management plans. Forest Service land management plans guide management activities on the 155 National Forests and 20 Grasslands in the National Forest System. The 90-day public comment period will end May 16. The Forest Service will use comments to develop a final rule. PLC will be submitting comments on the proposed rule, focusing on the provisions regarding viability of wildlife and how the courts have used that language to force reductions in domestic sheep grazing on public lands. PLC, ASI, and NCBA plan to have comments drafted which will be circulated to all affiliates for sign-on as the deadline approaches.

The Forest Service is hosting an open forum to discuss the proposed rule on March 10, 2011 in Washington, D.C. The meeting will be Web cast to allow for national participation. There will be additional public forums held throughout the country. The proposed rule, regional meeting information, and additional details can be found [here](#).

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## **President Reveals “America’s Great Outdoors” Action Plan**

On Feb. 16<sup>th</sup>, President Barack Obama announced the Administration’s action plan under the America’s Great Outdoors initiative (AGO). The President established the AGO last April to develop a “conservation and recreation agenda”. The report outlines ways in which the federal government will accomplish “conservation and recreation priorities.” Specifically, the report calls for full funding of the Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF), which PLC opposes. It also calls for establishing a 21st century Conservation Service Corps and extending the deduction for conservation easement donations on private lands beyond 2011, among other measures. [Read the full report.](#)

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## **President Releases 2012 Budget**

President Obama has released his budget proposal for fiscal year 2012. It includes \$11.2 billion for programs funded by the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies appropriation. This is \$69.2 million above the 2010 enacted level and \$87.6 million above the House-passed 2011 continuing resolution (CR) level. The 2012 request reflects the President’s five-year freeze on discretionary funding as well as a freeze on federal salaries for 2011 and 2012.

The 2012 Budget request includes \$1.1 billion in program terminations and reductions. One such reduction relates to the U.S. Department of Agriculture’s (USDA) Animal Plant and Health Inspection Service’s (APHIS) Wildlife Services (WS). PLC strongly opposes this reduction. The budget shows a \$10 million reduction including the elimination of directives for livestock protection in South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, West Virginia and Pennsylvania and wolf control funds in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, plus millions generally from the program operations.

Despite the apparent efforts to cut spending, the 2012 budget calls for a “landmark investment” of \$5.5 billion for Interior’s America’s Great Outdoors (AGO) programs and requests full funding (\$900) million for the Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) land acquisition and grant conservation programs. PLC strongly opposes these proposals, as well.

The budget proposal also addresses reauthorizing the Federal Land Transaction Facilitation Act, to allow lands identified as suitable for disposal in recent land use plans to be sold and proceeds to be used to acquire environmentally sensitive lands.

See the budget by clicking [here](#) .

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## **EPA Issues “Waters of the United States” Guidance**

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has leaked a copy of a [Clean Water Act \(CWA\) Guidance](#) developed jointly by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (“Corps”) to guide field staff on making a “jurisdictional determination” of

waters, and whether a water qualifies as a “water of the United States.” This guidance is currently at OMB and could be released at any time. We have received confirmation that the public will have an opportunity to comment on the guidance before it is finalized.

Essentially, the guidance document deletes the word “navigable” from the definition much like former Rep. Jim Oberstar’s (D-) *Clean Water Restoration Act* did, which died during the 111<sup>th</sup> Congress. The guidance makes the “significant nexus” determination an exercise in futility by field staff, because the leniency provided by the guidance allows field staff to look at the entire watershed and find any sort of “ecological” or “indirect” connection with a downstream traditional navigable water or interstate water to make it jurisdictional.

PLC is working with Congress to shed light on this issue for the public and industry, and to provide Congressional oversight. Together with other agriculture organizations, PLC is sending a letter to congressmen and senators to request they sign a letter opposing EPA’s and the Corps’ finalizing of the guidance.

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## JUDICIARY UPDATE

### **Categorical Exclusion Permits Challenged in Oregon**

On January 11, 2011, the Hells Canyon Preservation Council (HCPC) and the Oregon Natural Desert Association (ONDA) filed a lawsuit in federal court challenging several Forest Service livestock grazing permit renewals on three National Forests in eastern Oregon. The plaintiffs claimed that the longstanding grazing permits on Wallowa-Whitman, Umatilla and Malheur National Forests should not be exempted by “categorical exclusion” from environmental assessments (EA) required under the National Environmental Protection Act (NEPA). They claimed that the Forest Service has not adequately considered the impacts of grazing on threatened and endangered species; flood plains, wetlands, or municipal watersheds; congressionally designated areas, such as wilderness or national recreation areas; and cultural or archeological sites.

Under NEPA, any major federal action must be preceded by an EA. As the reauthorization of these permits was in no way a “major federal action” and the nullification of the categorical exclusion status would set a dangerous precedent for other reauthorizations of permits, PLC is working with members and affiliates in Oregon to determine the next steps to be taken.

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### **BLM Reverses Decision, Grants WWP Permit Not to Graze**

The BLM has filed a [motion to remand](#) its decision to cancel grazing permits held by Western Watersheds Project (WWP) for the sake of non-grazing. In April 2010, the BLM

made final a decision to cancel permits (consisting of three allotments in Idaho) held by WWP and Valley Sun LLC. BLM stated three reasons for the action: WWP's failure to maintain range improvements, loss of control of base property, and issuing of false statements regarding grazing applications (WWP has not grazed the allotments for any of the 10 years it has held them).

WWP appealed the decision and asked for a stay, making various outrageous claims about grazing and BLM. At the conclusion of a 45 day period in mid-June, an administrative judge in the hearings division of the Interior Board of Land Appeals (IBLA) granted WWP a stay of the final decision to cancel the permit, pending outcome of the appeal.

Now, unless an affected rancher in the vicinity of the Spud Creek, Thompson Creek, Bradshaw Basin allotments challenges BLM's decision to remand, reversal of the decision could be more challenging, setting an unacceptable precedent for future non-use of permits by radical environmental groups.

After being denied intervention in the case in front of the IBLA hearings division, PLC and the Idaho Cattle Association filed an amicus to defend the BLM's final decision to cancel the permits. According to the BLM, they decided to remand the previous final decisions due to the fact that the grazing permits are up for renewal in February 2012 and the agency will make a decision at that time whether to renew the permits in question.

PLC will continue to follow this situation and encourage cancellation of the grazing permits, as it is illegal to hold grazing permits for non-use for the duration of the permit.

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### **District Court Upholds Implementation of Idaho's Roadless Rule**

A federal judge in Idaho has turned back a challenge to implementation of the Idaho Roadless Rule, which governs use of 9.3 million acres of "inventoried roadless areas" in the State. The court rejected arguments from environmental groups that the Idaho Rule did not adequately protect endangered caribou and grizzly bears residing within areas covered by the Rule. The court also sustained road construction related to phosphate mining in roadless areas. (See more on [Jayne, et al. v. Rey](#))

The Roadless Rule was first promulgated by the Forest Service in 2001, and remains the subject of debate over management of tens of millions of federal wilderness acres. The Rule prohibits logging, road building, rebuilding of roads and other development on nearly 60 million acres of inventoried roadless federal land managed by the Forest Service. However, states may petition for state-specific rules, which Idaho did in 2006.

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## **Grazing Alternatives Demanded in Nevada, Idaho BLM Grazing Decisions**

In two troubling cases, Administrative Law Judges have vacated several Bureau of Land Management (BLM) grazing decisions which would have renewed grazing permits for public land grazing allotments. Judge Edward Lodge and Judge Andrew Pearlstein have cited the BLM's lack of consideration of "eminently reasonable" alternatives to grazing in Idaho's Pahsimeroi Valley and in the Ely, Nevada area, respectively.

The Department of Interior Office of Hearings and Appeals has granted Western Watersheds Project's (WWP) Motion for Summary Judgment in WWP's appeal of the Ely, Nevada Bureau of Land Management's (BLM) Final Grazing Decision affecting 1.3 million acres of public lands. Judge Pearlstein remanded the BLM's decision for further proceedings in keeping with his order of Summary Judgment to WWP, citing the BLM's failure to consider adequate alternatives and for its failure to consider the cumulative impacts of its grazing decisions in its NEPA analysis. In his decision, Judge Pearlstein cited the January 5, 2011 Idaho federal district court decision, also directing BLM to consider alternatives to grazing in its NEPA analysis. ([Download the decision](#)). These decisions have potential to influence BLM and Forest Service grazing decisions across the west. PLC and the Idaho Cattle Association have filed an amicus brief with the court in Idaho supporting the BLM's motion to reconsider.

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## **Washington Cattlemen, Pacific Legal Foundation Sue for Wolf Status Review**

The Washington Cattlemen's Association (WCA) and Pacific Legal Foundation (PLF) filed a lawsuit on February 16th, 2011 to force the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) to conduct a legally mandated five-year status review of the gray wolf. The plaintiffs look to force the agency to review protections for gray wolves in the lower 48 states in order to determine whether the species continues to warrant listing as "endangered" under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). The suit has been filed in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Washington. ([See the filing](#).)

The suit comes after years of efforts to give management of the wolf back to the states, as population recovery goals set by the USFWS have been far surpassed in most areas. In 2008, the administration delisted wolves in the Northern Rocky Mountain Region. In 2009, they were delisted in the Great Lakes Region. However, lawsuits brought by radical environmental groups brought the gray wolf back under federal protection. After an attempt by the administration to remove ESA protections in just parts of the Northern Rocky Mountain region, a judge determined last year that wolves could not be delisted in Montana and Idaho as long as they remained under federal management in Wyoming. Despite the state's efforts to work with USFWS, the administration would not accept Wyoming's wolf management plan.

Today, wolves pose a serious threat to wildlife, humans, and private property—especially livestock—in all distinct population areas, including the Southwest Region, where depredation is rampant despite a costly and unsuccessful recovery effort. The USFWS' failure to properly manage wolves should indicate the necessity to delist the wolf nationwide and give its management to the states.

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## LITIGATION UPDATE

### **PLC to Petition Supreme Court in BLM Grazing Regs Case**

The Public Lands Council (PLC) will file a petition for writ of certiorari in the Supreme Court in the case regarding Bureau of Land Management (BLM) grazing regulations from 2006. PLC has been defending the regulations as intervenors ever since the Bush Administration attempted to implement them in 2006, when Western Watersheds Project (WWP) filed suit prior to the regulations going into effect. The regulations establish administrative requirements only, and do not authorize any project or activity on the public range. For example, the regulations authorize ranchers to acquire ownership of rangeland improvements and water rights; expand the time for the BLM to take enforcement actions; require that grazing restrictions be phased in over a period of time; establish monitoring requirements; and limit—but do not preclude—public participation in the BLM’s rangeland management decisions.

A recent Ninth Circuit decision addressing and deciding, wrongly, nationally significant issues of NEPA requirements and other issues, has prompted PLC’s decision to file a writ of certiorari with the Supreme Court (see our previously filed [appeal for an en banc review](#), which outlines PLC’s arguments). We believe that the Supreme Court might be very interested in reviewing the Ninth Circuit opinion, in light of the national importance of the issues and the utterly flawed analysis of the Ninth Circuit opinion. PLC is seeking amicus briefs from other organizations ([read the letter](#)). PLC’s petition is due on April 19, and we anticipate that the petition will be filed on that date; any amicus brief supporting our petition would be due 30 days thereafter, on May 19.

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## MORE NEWS

### **NCBA Holds Annual Convention**

Despite blizzards and subzero temperatures, more than 5,600 cattlemen and women made it to Denver for the 2011 Cattle Industry Convention and National Cattlemen’s Beef Association (NCBA) Trade Show. In addition to hearing from Karl Rove, former senior advisor and Deputy Chief of Staff to President George W. Bush, and Richard Picciotto, the highest ranking New York City Firefighter to survive the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, attendees also participated in policy meetings, elected new NCBA officers and attended the NCBA Trade Show.

The Federal Lands Committee focused on the Wild Lands Secretarial Order (Order 3310), the Wild Horse and Burro Program, the Sage Grouse Initiative, the Forest Planning Rule, and more. ([See the minutes](#)). The group heard from agency officials, legal counsel, and others.

New policies were adopted involving the Wild Lands Order, National Heritage Areas, and legislative and regulatory revisions to limit who can challenge grazing permits (see the [policy actions](#) from all committees, including Federal Lands).

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### **Society for Range Management Holds Annual Meeting**

The Society for Range Management met for its Annual Meeting in Billings, Montana the week of February 7<sup>th</sup>. The weeklong meeting consisted of events ranging from producer and native range forums, to technical symposia and university presentations. It drew over 1,600 registrants from across the globe over the course of the week. Throughout the meeting, participants were able to attend forums and technical sessions that highlighted new research within academia in regards to rangeland management as well as attend various social events throughout the week that fostered establishing connections with others in the rangeland field.

SRM President Jack Alexander stated, “We were especially pleased to welcome Public Lands Council Executive Director Dustin Van Liew to the annual meeting. We look forward to continuing our relationship with PLC and working with them on range issues in the coming year.”

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### **Environmental Steaks**

See NCBA’s monthly newsletter, [Environmental Steaks!](#)

### **American Sheep Industry Association News**

Go to [www.sheepindustrynews.org](http://www.sheepindustrynews.org)

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